

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **COLORED MORTAR MIX**

### **Section 1. Identification**

GHS product identifier : COLORED MORTAR MIX

Product code : Not available.

Other means of : Not available.

identification

Product type : Solid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** 

Masonry construction.

Supplier/Manufacturer : GRAYMONT

#200-10991 Shellbridge Way Richmond, BC V6X 3C6

Canada

Phone: 1 604 207-4292 Toll free: 1 866 207-4292 Fax: 1 604 207-9014

Web Site: http://www.graymont.com/

**Emergency telephone** number (with hours of

operation)

: CHEMTREC, US (800-424-9300) INTERNATIONAL: (703-527-3887)

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger



### Section 2. Hazards identification

**Hazard statements** 

: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H350 - May cause cancer. (inhalation)

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (respiratory

tract)

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** 

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P260 - Do not breathe dust.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response

: P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable

for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage : P401 - Store to minimize dust generation.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Cement, portland, chemicals	40 - 70	65997-15-1
Calcium Hydroxide	10 - 50	1305-62-0
Diiron trioxide	≥25 - ≤50	1309-37-1
Magnesium oxide	≥25 - ≤50	1309-48-4
Calcium sulfate	≥10 - ≤25	7778-18-9
Gypsum	≥10 - ≤25	13397-24-5
Calcium oxide	0.1 - 10	1305-78-8
Crystalline silica, respirable powder	0.0001 - 1	14808-60-7

Crystalline silica has been found in some products at or above detection level 0.1%. Concentration is dependent upon limestone source.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation. If a generic chemical name is shown and/or the CAS number is not disclosed, the specific chemical identity has been withheld as a trade secret.





# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

couahina

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur





### Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: No specific fire or explosion hazard.

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products

: None.

**Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up





### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Small spill

: Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store to minimize dust generation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Cement, portland, chemicals	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).  TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction  TWA: 10 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Total  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction  TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
Calcium Hydroxide	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction  TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust



# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

**MSHA PEL** 

TWA 8/40 hours: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Fe) 10 hours. Form: Dust

and fumes

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable

fraction

TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable

fraction

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total particulates

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Total **OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).** 

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

TWA: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Total **OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).** 

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

TWA: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).

TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).

TWA: 250 mppcf 8 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 5 mg/m3 Form: Respirable fraction

Diiron trioxide

Magnesium oxide

Calcium sulfate

Gypsum

Calcium oxide

Crystalline silica, respirable powder



# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable

dust

TWA: 5 mg/m3 Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust **OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).** 

TWA: 50 µg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable

dust

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).

TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable

fraction

MSHA PEL

TWA 8/40 hours:

30 mg/m3/(%SiO2)+2 mg/m3 Form: Total dust

10 mg/m3/(%SiO2)+2 mg/m3 Form:

Respirable dust

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. Engineering controls may be required to control the primary or secondary risks associated with this product.

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.



### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Wear an appropriate NIOSH approved respirator if concentration levels exceed the safe exposure limits.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Appearance**

: Solid. Physical state

Color : Dependent on color type.

Odor : Earthy. [Slight] **Odor threshold** : Not available. pН : 12 to 13 at 25°C Melting point/freezing point : 2580°C (4676°F) Boiling point, initial boiling : Not available.

point, and boiling range

Flash point : Not applicable. : Not applicable. **Evaporation rate** 

**Flammability** Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit

: Not applicable. : Not applicable.

: Not applicable. Vapor pressure Relative vapor density : Not applicable. Relative density : 2.6 to 3.2

**Density** : 2.6 to 3.2 g/cm<sup>3</sup> : Not available. Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n-: Not applicable.

octanol/water **Auto-ignition temperature** 

: Not applicable. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. : Not applicable. : Not available. Flow time (ISO 2431)

**Particle characteristics** 

Viscosity

Median particle size : Not available.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.





# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

#### Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: Acids, Reactive Fluorinated Compounds, Reactive Brominated Compounds, Reactive Powdered Metals, Organic Acid Anhydrides, Nitro-Organic Compounds, Reactive Phosphorous Compounds.

# Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Calcium Hydroxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	7340 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Calcium Hydroxide	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-

#### **Sensitization**

There is no data available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

There is no data available.

#### Carcinogenicity

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Diiron trioxide Crystalline silica, respirable	-	3	- Known to be a human carcinogen.
powder			

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

There is no data available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Cement, portland, chemicals	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Calcium Hydroxide	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Calcium oxide	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Crystalline silica, respirable powder	Category 1	inhalation	respiratory tract





# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### **Aspiration hazard**

There is no data available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential delayed effects

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a

severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity**: May cause cancer if inhaled. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Numerical measures of toxicity** 

**Acute toxicity estimates** 





# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	(	Dermal (mg/kg)	(gases)	(vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
Calcium Hydroxide	7340	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

# **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Calcium Hydroxide	Acute LC50 33884.4 μg/L Fresh water	Fish - Clarias gariepinus - Fingerling	96 hours
Calcium sulfate	Acute EC50 3200000 μg/L Fresh water Acute LC50 >1910 mg/L Fresh water	Algae - Navicula seminulum Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	96 hours 48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1970 mg/L Fresh water Acute LC50 2980000 µg/L Fresh water Chronic NOEC 360 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Lepomis macrochirus Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours 96 hours 3 weeks
Calcium oxide	Chronic NOEC 233 mg/L Fresh water Chronic NOEC 100 mg/L Fresh water	Fish - Coregonus albula - Egg Fish - Oreochromis niloticus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	60 days 46 days

#### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Calcium oxide	-	2.34	low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned





### Section 13. Disposal considerations

or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with waterways, drains and sewers.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	UN1910
UN proper shipping name	-	-	CALCIUM OXIDE
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	8
Packing group	-	-	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

**AERG**: 157

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not available. to IMO instruments

### U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

RCRA classification: Not listed or classified. CWA-311: Portland Cement component listed.

CERCLA: Not listed. FDA: Not applicable

**Clean Air Act Section 112** 

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**  : Listed

**Section 15. Regulatory information** 

Clean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed

**Class I Substances** 

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances

**DEA List I Chemicals** (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

**SARA 302/304** 





### Section 15. Regulatory information

### Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

**SARA 304 RQ** 

: Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Cement, portland, chemicals	40 - 70	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
Calcium Hydroxide	10 - 50	(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
Calcium oxide	0.1 - 10	(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
Crystalline silica, respirable powder	0.0001 - 1	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

#### State regulations

**Massachusetts** 

: The following components are listed: Cement, portland, chemicals; Calcium Hydroxide; Diiron trioxide; Magnesium oxide; Calcium sulfate; Calcium oxide; Crystalline silica, respirable powder

**New York** 

: None of the components are listed.

**New Jersey** 

The following components are listed: Cement, portland, chemicals; Calcium Hydroxide; Diiron trioxide; Magnesium oxide; Calcium sulfate; Gypsum; Calcium oxide; Crystalline silica, respirable powder

**Pennsylvania** 

: The following components are listed: Cement, portland, chemicals; Calcium Hydroxide; Diiron trioxide; Magnesium oxide; Calcium sulfate; Gypsum; Calcium oxide; Crystalline silica, respirable powder

### California Prop. 65



⚠ WARNING: This product can expose you to Crystalline silica, respirable powder, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Crystalline silica, respirable powder	-	-

#### International regulations





### **Section 15. Regulatory information**

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)** 

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

**Inventory list** 

United States (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

#### **Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

#### **National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**



#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Expert judgment
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	On basis of test data
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A	Expert judgment
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract	Calculation method
irritation) - Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1	Calculation method

#### **History**

Date of issue/Date of : 08/15/2021 revision





# Section 16. Other information

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Prepared by : KMK Regulatory Services Inc.

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

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